I MINA'BENTE OCHO NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2006 (SECOND) Regular Session

Bill No. 41 (EC)

Introduced by:

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Mike Cruz, MD Mark Forbes B.J. F. Cruz

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 82101, ARTICLE 1, CHAPTER 82, DIVISION 4, TITLE 10 OF THE GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, AND ADD SECTIONS 82610, 82611, AND 82612, ARTICLE 6, CHAPTER 82, DIVISION 4, TITLE 10 OF THE GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO THE FRAMEWORK OF A SECLUSION AND RESTRAINT POLICY, AND SETTING RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF PHYSICAL RESTRAINTS ON PERSONS WITH MENTAL, BEHAVIORAL DIFFICULTIES, AND/OR DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:

Section 1. Legislative Findings and Intent. *I Liheslaturan Guåhan*finds that persons with mental, behavioral difficulties, and/or
developmental disabilities require appropriate care and treatment during
agitated or excited delirium states. The use of any form of physical
restraint is not appropriate unless direct service personnel are properly
trained in safe crisis intervention strategies.

I Liheslaturan Guåhan finds that improper restraint and particularly prone restraint (face down) is potentially lethal, particularly for individuals who are overweight, have diagnosed breathing disorders, are pregnant, or prior to and during restraint on individuals who have been agitated and struggling. A few states, after the death of an individual, banned the use of

1 prone restraint or have opted to limit prone restraint to a maximum

2 intervention of five (5) minutes when used as the last resort to manage

3 extreme situations and then only by trained personnel only.

I Liheslaturan Guåhan finds that in circumstances such as this, it is critical that direct service workers are trained in an evidence-based, strength-based behavior intervention program that strives to ensure the safety of the client/student, personnel involved, and all stakeholders. Therefore, it is the intent of I Liheslaturan Guåhan to provide for the safety of individuals with mental, behavioral difficulties, and/or developmental disabilities experiencing out-of-control behaviors by providing a framework for a seclusion and restraint policy based on the least restrictive alternative policy and by setting restrictions on the use of physical restraints in Government of Guam agencies and agents of the Government of Guam that provide services for individuals with mental, behavior difficulties, and/or developmental disabilities.

Section 2. Section 82101, Article 1, Chapter 82, Division 4, Title 10 of the Guam Code Annotated is hereby *amended* and all following subsections are *renumbered* to read as follows:

"§ 82101. **Definitions.** As used in this Chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:

(a) Department means the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse and Director means the Director of the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse.

- 1 (b) *Facility* means a public or privately operated institution 2 <u>operated by or contracted with a Government of Guam agency</u>, which has 3 been designated by the Director as being adequately equipped for the care 4 of persons suffering from mental illness.
- 5 (c) *Gravely disabled* means a person who, as a result of mental disorder, is unable to use the elements of life, which are essential to health or safety, including food, clothing or shelter, even though provided to the persons by others.
- 9 (d) *Investigator or Investigating Officer* means a person or 10 organization appointed by a Judge of the Superior Court.
- 11 (e) <u>Least Restrictive Alternative</u> means a policy principle that is used 12 to guide intervention practice. It refers to using the least amount of force 13 or intervention necessary to try and ensure a safe outcome to problem 14 behavior.
- (e)(f) Mentally ill or Mentally disordered means a person having a psychiatric or other disorder, which substantially impairs the person's mental health, but does not include a person suffering from:
- 18 (1) epilepsy; or
- 19 (2) mental retardation; or
- 20 (3) brief periods of intoxication caused by substances such as alcohol and drugs.
- 22 (f)(g) Patient means a person under evaluation, care or treatment in a 23 facility pursuant to the provisions of this Title.
- 24 <u>(h) Physical Restraint means the use of a physical hold to restrict</u> 25 <u>freedom of movement of all or part of a person's body to restrict normal</u>

- 1 access to the person's body, and that is used as a behavioral restraint.
- 2 Physical restraint is any staff-to-person physical contact in which the
- 3 person unwillingly participates. Physical restraint does not include
- 4 momentarily holding a person without undue force in order to calm or
- 5 comfort, or physical contact intended to gently assist a person in
- 6 performing tasks or to assist a person from one area to another.
- 7 (1) Extended restraint means a physical restraint the duration of which is more than twenty (20) minutes.
- 9 (2) <u>Mechanical restraint means the use of a mechanical device,</u>
 10 <u>material, or equipment attached or adjacent to the person's</u>
 11 <u>body that he or she cannot easily remove and that restricts</u>
 12 <u>normal access to the person's body.</u>
- (3) <u>Prone restraint means a physical restraint position that is lying</u>
 face down.
- (4) Supine position means a physical restraint position that is face
 up.
- 17 <u>(i) Positional asphyxiation means insufficient intake of oxygen as a</u> 18 <u>result of body position that interferes with one's ability to breathe.</u>
 - (g)(j) Professional staff, professional person or qualified mental health professional means a licensed professional designated by the Director as specially qualified by training or experience in the diagnosis of mental or related illness. The following licensed professionals shall be so designated:
- 23 (1) a psychiatrist;

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- 1 (2) a clinical psychologist;
- 2 (3) a certified psychiatric nurse at the Master's level; or
- 3 (4) a physician.
- 4 (k) Seclusion means a behavior technique involving locked
- 5 <u>isolation</u>. Such term does not include a time out.
- 6 (1) Time out means a behavior management technique that is part
- 7 of an approved treatment program and may involve the separation of the
- 8 <u>client/student from the group, in a non-locked setting, for the purpose of</u>
- 9 <u>calming. Time out is not seclusion.</u>
- 10 (h)(m) Treatment shall mean any therapy approved by the
- 11 American Psychiatric Association or other recognized medical body; but
- 12 shall not include those forms of treatment known as Electro-Convulsive
- 13 Shock, Insulin Shock, Psycho-Surgery or any other measure which requires
- 14 the physical invasion of the patient's body.
- 15 Section 3. Sections 82610 and 82611, Article 6, Chapter 82, Division
- 16 4, Title 10 of the Guam Code Annotated is hereby added to read as
- 17 follows:
- 18 "§ 82610. Seclusion and Restraint Policy. This section shall apply
- 19 to all direct service personnel within Government of Guam agencies and
- 20 agents of the Government of Guam who provide services to persons with
- 21 mental, behavioral difficulties, and/or developmental disabilities.
- 22 Seclusions or restraints are imposed only under emergency circumstances
- 23 and only to ensure the immediate physical safety of the client/student,

personnel, or others and less restrictive alternatives have been determined 1 2 to be ineffective in which training shall be provided annually and include the following: 3 4 needs and behaviors of the population served; **(1)** relationship building; 5 (2) alternatives to restraint and seclusion; 6 (3) 7 **(4)** de-escalation methods; avoiding power struggles; 8 (5) thresholds for restraints and seclusion; 9 (6) the physiological and psychological impact of restraint and 10 (7) 11 seclusion; 12 monitoring physical signs of distress and obtaining medical (8)13 assistance; legal issues; 14 (9) positional asphyxia; 15 (10)16 escape and evasion techniques; time limits; 17 (12)the process for obtaining approval for continued restraints; 18 (13)procedures to address problematic restraints; 19 (14)20 documentation; and (15)processing with client/student, and follow-up with personnel, 21 (16)

and investigation of injuries and complaints.

§ 82611. Proper Administration of Physical Restraint. This section shall apply to all direct service personnel within Government of Guam agencies and agents of the government of Guam providing services to persons with mental, behavioral difficulties, and/or developmental disabilities.

- Properly trained personnel. Physical restraints shall be (a) prohibited unless personnel administering the restraint have received in-depth training according to the requirements set forth in Section 82610, Article 6, Chapter 82, 10 GCA, have demonstrated proficiency in other approved techniques, and in the judgment of the trained personnel, there are no other safe options and it is the last alternative to provide safety for the client/student or others present. All direct service personnel shall receive annual training as set forth in Section 82610, Article 6, Chapter 82, 10 GCA.
 - (b) **Use of force.** A person administering a physical restraint shall use only the amount of force necessary to protect the client/student or others from physical injury or harm.
 - (c) **Safest method.** A person administering physical restraint shall use the safest available and appropriate to the situation subject to the safety requirements set forth in Section 82611(b)(5), Article 6, Chapter 82, 10 GCA. Floor or prone restraints shall be prohibited unless the staff member administering the restraint has received in-depth training according to

requirements of Section 82610 and, in the judgment of the trained staff, such method is required to provide safety for the student or others present.

- (d) **Duration of restraint.** A person administering physical restraint shall discontinue such restraint as soon as possible. If, due to unusual circumstances, a restraint continues for more than twenty (20) minutes, it shall be considered an "extended restraint" for purposes of the reporting requirements in Section 82611(f), Article 6, Chapter 82, Title 10 GCA.
- (e) **Safety requirements.** Additional requirements for the use of physical restraint:
 - (1) No restraint shall be administered in such a way that the client/student is prevented from breathing or speaking. During the administration of a restraint, a staff member shall continuously monitor the physical status of the client/student, including skin color and respiration. A restraint shall be released immediately upon determination by the staff member administering the restraint that the client/student is no longer at risk of causing imminent physical harm to him or herself or others.
 - (2) Restraint shall be administered in such a way so as to prevent or minimize physical harm. If, at any time during a physical restraint, the client/student demonstrates significant physical distress, the client/student shall be released from the restraint

immediately, and staff members shall take steps to seek medical assistance.

- (4) Program staff shall review and consider any known medical or psychological limitations and/or behavioral intervention plans regarding the use of physical restraint on an individual client/student.
- (5) Following the release of a client/student from a restraint, the program shall implement follow-up procedures. These procedures shall include reviewing the incident with the client/student to address the behavior that precipitated the restraint, reviewing the incident with the staff person(s) who administered the restraint to discuss whether proper restraint procedures were followed, and consideration of whether any follow-up is appropriate for students who witnessed the incident.
- (f) Reporting Requirements: Personnel shall report the use of physical restraint as defined in Section 82101(h), Article 1, Chapter 82, Title 10 GCA after administration of a physical restraint of a duration longer than five minutes to program staff within twenty-four (24) hours. All deaths and severe injuries on the frequency of the facilities of the use of seclusion and restraint shall provide reports to the Division of Evaluation, Enforcement, and Compliance, DISID, and the Department of Public Health and Social Services on a quarterly basis.

- § 82612. Seclusion and Restraint Policy. Prohibited Acts. This section shall apply to all direct service workers within Government of Guam agencies and agents of the Government of Guam providing services to persons with mental, behavioral difficulties, and/or developmental disabilities. Personnel may not use any of the following:
- 6 (a) seclusion is prohibited in school settings;
- 7 (b) a physical restraint or containment technique that obstructs a 8 person's respiratory airway or impairs the person's breathing or respiratory 9 capacity, including techniques in which a staff member places pressure on 10 a person's back or places his or her body weight against the person's torso 11 or back;
- 12 (c) a pillow, blanket, or other item covering the person's face as 13 part of a physical or mechanical restraint or containment process; *or*
- (d) prone restraint on a minor or a person at risk for positional asphyxiation as a result of one of the following risk factors that are known to the personnel:
- 17 (1) obesity;
- 18 (2) pregnancy;
- 19 (3) agitated delirium or excited delirium syndromes;
- 20 (4) cocaine, methamphetamine, or alcohol intoxication;
- 21 (5) exposure to pepper spray;
- 22 (6) preexisting heart disease, including, but not limited to, an enlarged heart or other cardiovascular disorders; *and*

- 1 (7) respiratory conditions, including emphysema, bronchitis, or asthma."
- Section 4. Implementation. This Act shall be effective within sixty 4 (60) days of enactment.
- Section 5. Severability. *If* any provision of this Law or its application to any person or circumstance is found to be invalid or contrary to law, such invalidity shall *not* affect other provisions or applications of this Law, which can be given effect without the invalid provisions or application, and to this end the provisions of this Law are severable.

MINA' BENTE OCHO NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN (SECOND) REGULAR SESSION

Bill No.__(EC)

Introduced by:

R. J. Respicio

Mark Forbes

B. J. F. Cruz

AN ACT TO OFFICIALLY NAME THE AREA NOW REFERRED TO AS THE "DEDEDO FLEA MARKET" AS THE "MAYOR JOSE A. RIVERA MARKETPLACE," AND TO HAVE A PLAQUE PLACED ON THE SITE COMMEMORATING THE LATE MAYOR RIVERA'S ROLE IN ESTABLISHING THE MARKET AS A BENEFIT FOR THE RESIDENTS OF DEDEDO.

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:

2 **Section 1. Name Change.** The name of the area currently referred to

3 as the "Dededo Flea Market" shall be changed to the "Mayor Jose A. Rivera

4 Marketplace." Such change shall take place upon enactment of this act into

5 law. All references within Government of Guam documentation and

6 signage shall reflect this change.

7 **Section 2. Commemorative Plaque.** The Department of Parks and

8 Recreation (DPR) shall design and have produced an appropriate

9 commemorative plaque to be placed at the site that bears the late Mayor

10 Rivera's name. DPR shall work with the Mayors' Council of Guam and the

11 Dededo Mayor's Office to determine the appropriate wording, design and

12 location for the plaque.